** LITERATURE REVIEW TEMPLATE**

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|  |  |  | **Context:** | **Audiences** | |  | **Factors influencing behavior:** |  |
|  | **Study** |  | **Current Knowledge,** | **Individual/Family/** | **Communication** |
|  |  |  |
| **Source** | **Problem Scope/ Size** | **Social, Political, Eco-** |
| **Population** |  |  | **Attitude, Beliefs, Behaviors** | **Community/Society/** | **Channels** |
|  |  | **nomic, Health** |  |  |
|  |  |  | **Affected** | **Influential** |  | **Health System** |  |
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***Example***

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| Inayati et al., 2012 | Mothers of children | Suboptimal feeding practices | Updated EBF policy | Pregnant women | Child’s paternal | Most believe food should be added at 1-4 |
|  | 6-60 months | widespread. | inadequately disseminated. | Mothers of infants & | grandmother | months. Formula perceived as more |
|  |  |  |  | young children | Partners of pregnant | nutrition. Most breastfed at least 4 |
|  |  |  |  | Other caregivers | women | months. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Traditional beliefs of mothers and paternal | IPC |
| grandmothers. Perception of insufficient |  |
| breast milk production. Perception that |  |
| prolonged breastfeeding interferes with |  |
| growth. Early feeding practices influence |  |
| later practices |  |
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